NELSON C. ANTONIO

5510 San Juan Drive

Clinton, Maryland 20735

**

Fraud Division File No. R-2014-1448A

CASE NO. MIA-2014-06-606

ORDER

This Order is entered by the Maryland Insurance Administration ("MIA") against Nelson C. Antonio ("N. Antonio" or "Respondent") pursuant to §§ 2-108, 2-201, 2-204 and 2-405 of the Insurance Article, Annotated Code of Maryland ("the Insurance Article").

I. Facts

- 1. On April 27, 2013, N. Antonio was a passenger in his brother's, E. Antonio's, vehicle when a vehicle insured by State Farm Mutual Automobile Insurance Company ("State Farm") struck them from behind. As a result of the accident, N. Antonio and his brother sought medical treatment for their injuries.
- 2. On April 29, 2013, the State Farm insured called her insurance company and reported the accident. State Farm assigned claim #202M00909.
- 3. Following the accident, N. Antonio retained the services of James A. Cleaver (hereinafter "Counsel") of the law offices of Alexander & Cleaver located at 11414 Livingston Road, Fort Washington, Maryland 20744, for losses he suffered as a result of the motor vehicle accident on April 27, 2013.
- 4. On May 3, 2013, Counsel, on behalf of N. Antonio, sent a Letter of Representation to State Farm.

- 5. On September 12, 2013, Counsel, on behalf of N. Antonio, sent State Farm a demand letter for coverage under the bodily injury portion of its insured's policy. In the letter, Counsel listed all of N. Antonio's medical expenses as well as \$2,400.00 in lost wages. As proof of loss, Counsel, on behalf of his client N. Antonio, submitted a lost wages letter on Maaco stationary which stated N. Antonio worked as an auto body mechanic for Maaco on the date of the accident, April 27, 2013 and had missed 80 hours of commission-based work, at \$240.00 per day. The Maaco letter reported the days missed as "May 6, 2013 to May 17, 2013."
- 6. On October 18, 2013, State Farm spoke to the manager of Maaco to verify N. Antonio's lost wages. The manager advised that N. Antonio did not miss any work during the time period alleged and that the person who signed the Maaco letter was not an authorized employee, and had been terminated from Maaco months before the date on the lost wages letter. On October 29, 2013, a State Farm investigator obtained a recorded statement from the manager of Maaco, memorializing what he had told him.
- 7. State Farm denied the lost wages portion of N. Antonio's claim due to the above misrepresentation, but paid the bodily injury portion.
- 8. Section 27-802(a)(1) of the Maryland Insurance Article states, "An authorized insurer, its employees, producers...or agents, who in good faith have cause to believe that insurance fraud has been or is being committed, shall report the suspected insurance fraud in writing to the Commissioner, the Fraud Division, or the appropriate federal, State or local law enforcement authorities." Having a good faith belief that insurance fraud had been committed, the State Farm investigator referred his files to the Maryland Insurance Administration Fraud Division.

- 9. MIA interviewed the State Farm investigator and confirmed his handling of the claim as set forth above.
- 10. MIA also spoke with the legal assistant for Counsel, whose signature appears on correspondence submitted to State Farm on behalf of N. Antonio. She confirmed her signature on the letters and that she mailed the documents on behalf of N. Antonio from the firm's Fort Washington location.
- 11. MIA interviewed the manager of Maaco. The manager examined the time cards he had already provided to State Farm and verified they accurately reflected his official corporate time-keeping records. He confirmed that N. Antonio worked the weeks of May 6-10, 2013 and May 13-17, 2013 the weeks N. Antonio alleged he was off due to injuries sustained in the car accident of April 27, 2013. The manager advised that N. Antonio was an auto body mechanic, paid on commission; he made 45% of the total amount billed. The Manager provided payroll records which showed that N. Antonio was paid \$415.80 for the week ending at May 10, 2013 and \$894.65 for the week ending at May 17, 2013. Furthermore, the manager told MIA the Maaco letter provided by N. Antonio was not on official Maaco stationary and was fabricated.
- 12. On April 14, 2014, MIA interviewed N. Antonio in Clinton, Maryland. N. Antonio said he submitted the "Maaco" lost wages letter to his attorney for transmittal to State Farm. Further, N. Antonio admitted to the MIA investigator that he worked at Maaco and earned wages for the time period of May 6 through May 17, 2013 the time period for which he had claimed lost wages in violation of §27-403(2) of the Insurance Article. He signed a written statement to the foregoing.

II. Violation(s)

13. In addition to all relevant sections of the Insurance Article, the Administration relies on the following pertinent sections in finding that Nelson C. Antonio violated Maryland's insurance laws:

14. § 27-403(2)

It is a fraudulent insurance act for a person:

(2) to present or cause to be presented to an insurer documentation or an oral or written statement made in support of a claim...with knowledge that the documentation or statement contains false or misleading information about a matter material to the claim.

15. § 27-408(c)

In addition to any criminal penalties that may be imposed under this section, on a showing by clear and convincing evidence that a violation of this subtitle has occurred, the Commissioner may:

- (i) impose an administrative penalty not exceeding \$25,000 for each act of insurance fraud; and
- (2) In determining the amount of an administrative penalty, the Commissioner shall consider:
 - (i) the nature, circumstances, extent, gravity, and number of violations;
 - (ii) the degree of culpability of the violator;
 - (iii) prior offenses and repeated violations of the violator; and
 - (iv) any other matter that the Commissioner considers appropriate and relevant.
- 16. By the conduct described herein, Respondent violated § 27-403 and is subject to an administrative penalty under the Insurance Article.

III. Sanctions

17. Insurance fraud is a serious violation which harms consumers in that the losses suffered by insurance companies are passed on to consumers in the form of higher premiums. The Commissioner may investigate any complaint that alleges a fraudulent claim has been submitted to an insurer. Insurance Article §§ 2-201(d) (1) and 2-405.

financial gain. This letter had several misrepresentations, including a false wage rate and a false claim of hours and days missed. The stationary used was not genuine, and the person who signed

Respondent caused a fabricated lost wages letter to be submitted to State Farm for

the letter was not authorized to sign such a letter. Therefore, an administrative sanction of

\$1,500.00 is an appropriate penalty.

18.

19. Administrative penalties shall be made payable to the Maryland Insurance

Administration and shall identify the case by number (R-14-1448A) and name (Nelson C.

Antonio). Unpaid penalties will be referred to the Central Collections Unit. Payment of the

administrative penalty shall be sent to the attention of: Associate Commissioner, Insurance Fraud

Division, 200 St. Paul Place, Suite 2700, Baltimore, Maryland 21202.

20. This Order does not preclude any potential or pending action by any other person,

entity or government authority, regarding any conduct by N. Antonio including the conduct that

is the subject of this Order.

WHEREFORE, for the reasons set forth above, and subject to the right to request a

hearing, it is this 4th day of June 2014. **ORDERED** that:

(1) Nelson C. Antonio shall pay an administrative penalty of \$1,500.00 within thirty

(30) days of the date of this Order.

THERESE M. GOLDSMITH Insurance Commissioner

Signature on original

BY:

CAROLYN NENNEMAN

Associate Commissioner

Insurance Fraud Division

RIGHT TO REQUEST A HEARING

Pursuant to § 2-210 of the Insurance Article and Code of Maryland Regulations ("COMAR") 31.02.01.03, an aggrieved person may request a hearing on this Order. This request must be in writing and received by the Commissioner within thirty (30) days of the date of the letter accompanying this Order. However, pursuant to § 2-212 of the Article, the Order shall be stayed pending a hearing only if a demand for hearing is received by the Commissioner within ten (10) days after the Order is issued. The written request for hearing must be addressed to the Maryland Insurance Administration, 200 St. Paul Place, Suite 2700, Baltimore, Maryland 21202, Attn: Appeals Clerk. The request shall include the following information: (1) the action or non-action of the Commissioner causing the person requesting the hearing to be aggrieved; (2) the facts related to the incident or incidents about which the person requests the Commissioner to act or not act; and (3) the ultimate relief requested. The failure to request a hearing timely or to appear at a scheduled hearing will result in a waiver of your rights to contest this Order and the Order shall be final on its effective date. Please note that if a hearing is requested on this initial Order, the Commissioner may affirm, modify, or nullify an action taken or impose any penalty or remedy authorized by the Insurance Article against Respondent in a Final Order after hearing.